ACWA 2023

Code of Practice for Nitrogen Fertilization

Purpose:	To establish reasonable and practicable guidelines for nitrogen fertilization applications to reduce nitrate loss from farm fields.
Why:	Effective management of nutrients on farms in the watershed is one of the keys to enhancing both environmental quality and profitable crop production. Consistent with the Iowa Nutrient Reduction Strategy, this Code of Practice provides information about guidelines adopted by the ACWA members as a condition of membership.
Application Guidelines & Self- Reporting:	 about guidelines adopted by the ACWA members as a condition of membership. A nutrient recommendation for nitrogen and phosphorus shall be developed that considers all potential sources of nutrients including manure, legumes, etc. Nutrient recommendations shall be based on current soil test results, realistic yield goals, environmental impact and producer management capabilities. Use one of two methods to document soil temperature at the time of application decision: Standardized county temperature and forecast maps found at https://www.mesonet.agron.iastate.edu/agclimate/soilt.php 4" in-field soil temperature check and reading recording method used on self-reporting form. Delay fall anhydrous applications without a nitrification inhibitor until soil temperatures are 50° F, trending lower. Use online ACWA Self-Reporting System to document conformance with requirement: Regular ACWA Board Member assigns staff responsibility to report start of application for all counties within member trade area. Self-reporting system is online at ACWA Self Reporting Form (a specific username and password has been assigned for each member organization). Simple, easy, takes less than 1 minute to complete on computer, cell phone or other electronic devices. Any questions, contact Roger Wolf, ACWA Executive Director, toger@acwaiowa.com, 515-205-9225, or Kristen Dearden, ACWA Membership Services & Communications Coordinator, kristen@acwaiowa.com, 515-334-1482. Regardless of time of year application occurs, encourage use of other nutrient management technologies such as stabilizers, slow-release fertilizers, incorporation or injection, soil nitrate testing and other technologies that minimize loss to surface or ground water resources. If producer is participating with USDA Conservation Programs, additional considerations for producer conformance with NRCS 590
	 Constructed wetland Conservation stream buffer and/or saturated buffer strips Fall cover cropping system



